

THE BEE

WASHINGTON

VOL. XXXI NO 36

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY FEBRUARY 4, 1911

THE DURHAM SCHOOL

DR. JAMES E. SHEPARD'S SUCCESS.

His Tour in the North and East With Ex-Gov. Glenn and Judge J. C. Pritchard, of North Carolina, Creates Enthusiasm.

New York City, Jan. 31.

Dr. James E. Shepard, of Durham, N. C., one of the most remarkable men in the colored race, is in this city, stopping at Hotel Victoria. He has a very commanding appearance, and is a well read young man.

The correspondent who has accompanied him, Ex-Gov. Glenn of North Carolina and Judge J. C. Pritchard, on their tour in the North and East, in the interest of the National Religious Training School at Durham, N. C., has a great deal to say concerning the success in this section of the country. Everywhere these gentlemen have spoken the people have responded liberally, because the claims of this distinguished young man are presented in a manner by Ex-Gov. Glenn and Judge Pritchard that are effective. Gov. Glenn spoke before the Century Club of Boston, Mass., last Saturday evening in an eloquent and appealing manner. January 28th at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, he addressed the Press Club.

Tuesday afternoon Judge Pritchard spoke before the Minerva Club, and in the evening before the Women's Federation Club.

Last Sunday evening Dr. Shepard spoke at Ridgewood, N. J., before a large and distinguished audience. The people of this section of the country seem to appreciate the work of the National Religious Training School, of which Dr. Shepard is president, and will do all they can for the uplift of the Negro in the South.

Wherever these gentlemen have spoken the work of the school is fully set forth. Dr. Shepard will leave here tomorrow night and spend Sunday in Washington on his return to North Carolina.

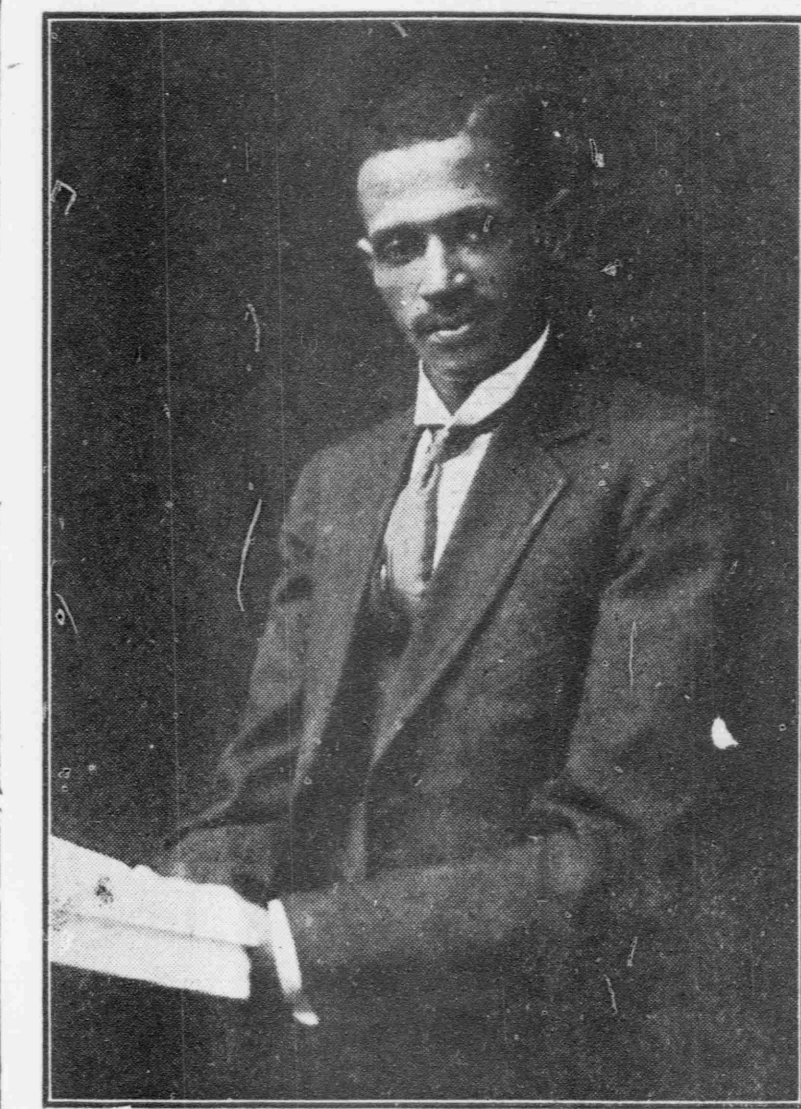
Educators in Politics.

When Seth Lowe was drafted from the presidency of Columbia University to become mayor of New York City, people applauded the induction into public life of an educator as an awakening of the people to the betterment of civic conditions. When the newspapers carried the announcement that President Taft had offered the post of Ambassador to England to President Charles Eliot, of Harvard College, the editorial columns of metropolitan and

rural newspapers throughout the country, reflecting public sentiment, approved of the selection of so eminent an educator as President Eliot for so important a position in public life. When the people of New Jersey called Woodrow Wilson from the presidency of Princeton College to the Governorship of that State, his transition from college president to Governor of State was hailed by the people in and out of New Jersey as the turning from the selfish, narrow politician to the broad-minded, public-spirited, unselfish educator. And no men are more unselfish than educators. In each case where the educator has voluntarily stepped from the school room into public office it has been regarded as an evidence of progress in the eminent domain of public service. These men did not seek the office, the office sought them. They did not harrangue the people to their support; the people voluntarily, spontaneously, for public weal, went to their support.

When Dr. Booker T. Washington is called upon by public men high in authority for advice and suggestions, relative to policies that are primed for the advancement of the race, they call upon him knowing that he is a broad-minded, unselfish educator whose life is devoted to uplift, and the call upon the Doctor is applauded by every Negro, save those who lack ability or energy, or both, to pull themselves up by their own boot straps, as an evidence that the men in power, wanting to be of real service to the whole race, elect to call upon the best advised, the most unselfish, and the sincerest men the race possesses. Seth Lowe was not a politician. President Eliot never manipulated politics, and Woodrow Wilson never entered the political field voluntarily and for selfish ends. And Dr. Washington never volunteered his advice to public officials to simply advance the condition of a single or a few individuals. His advice, when called for, has been given with the single aim in view of advancing the conditions, directly and indirectly, of ten millions of blacks—not of one, or two, or a dozen. And let it be understood that Dr. Washington has never given advice favorable to or in approval of a single principle or policy, the inauguration or adoption of which carried a "sleeper" inimical to race advancement. Dr. Washington, now and always, stands for the race, the whole race, foes and friends alike, as God gives him light to see it.

It is a splendid impetus to civic pride and duty when the active services of educators can be had in public life. And the more educators like Lowe, Eliot, Wilson, Washington and others, who become active for public weal, the greater and more rapid will be the advancement of the masses. The selfish



DR. JAMES E. SHEPARD, President of the National Religious Training School at Durham, N. C., who has been touring the North with Judge Pritchard and ex-Gov. Glenn.

politicians say educators are dreamers, but be reminded that the night dreams of educators always, sooner or later, crystallize into lofty, ideal day realities.

PRAISES SOUTHERN NEGRO.

Judge Pritchard, of North Carolina, Wants to Educate Him.

From the New York Tribune. Judge Jeter C. Pritchard, of Asheville, N. C., is in New York in the interest of the National Religious Training School and Chautauqua for Negro preachers. The school, which is at Durham, N. C., is now in its first session, and has more than 100 in attendance. Gen. Julian Carr, of

North Carolina, has given his support, and Brodie L. Duke, one of the tobacco millionaires, gave the 30 acres of land on which it is situated. A large auditorium has been built, and more than \$40,000 contributed.

"There are 30,000 Negro preachers in the country, and a large portion of them are illiterate," said Judge Pritchard recently at the Hotel Manhattan. "We want to train them in good citizenship, something the entire country needs. Nowhere is this need recognized more than in the South. If a war should break out, I believe Southern men would be more ready to fight for the country's flag than those in any other section, and all the Negroes would follow if the white men led. The Southern Negro has enormous confidence in the decent, thinking white man, and any thought of race equality is abhorrent to him. The Negro who advocates equality is the worst enemy of his race."

Judge Pritchard is circuit judge of the Fourth Federal district, and has jurisdiction over Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, South Carolina and North Carolina. He went to the United States Senate to fill out Senator Zebulon Vance's unexpired term, and then was appointed associate justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. After a year at that he was appointed to his present position on the death of Judge Simonon, of Charleston, S. C.

JUDGE J. C. PRITCHARD COMES TO AID NEGRO.

South in Sympathy With Efforts for Their Uplift, Says Asheville (N. C.) Jurist—More Missions Are Needed. Tells of Work of the National Religious Training School in Durham is Doing for Them.

From the New York Times. Judge J. C. Pritchard, of the United States Circuit Court district which includes Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia and North and South Carolina, has arrived in the city from his home in Asheville, N. C., for a week's

speechmaking in behalf of the movement for bettering the condition of the Southern Negro. He is speaking particularly in the interests of the National Religious Training School of Durham, N. C.

"There never has been a time since emancipation," he said recently, "when a majority of the white people of the South were not friendly to the Negro as an individual. For years after the close of the civil war the colored people were confronted with a situation that was critical in the extreme. The efforts of the North in their behalf were, from the very nature of things, misunderstood by the South, while the efforts of those of the South who really felt an interest in their welfare were misunderstood north of the Mason and Dixon line."

"Fortunately, this condition has disappeared, and a majority of the people of all sections are now in hearty sympathy with the colored people in their efforts to elevate their race. The colored people of North Carolina who have been upright in their dealings 15—BEE

and avoided places of dissipation are accorded all the rights to which they are entitled under the laws, and possess the confidence of the white people. As showing the attitude of the white people of the South and their willingness to grant the Negro educational facilities, he told of the effort to have a constitutional amendment passed to permit the Negroes to have for educational purposes only such sums as were raised from taxes on property owned by Negroes. The sentiment against this measure throughout the State was so strong, he said, that the matter was dropped before it could be brought before the Legislature.

But Judge Pritchard said much remains to be done in improving the condition of the Negro, and he intimated that some of the money spent for foreign missions might better be used for this purpose.

"Christians to-day are contributing more than ever before," he said, "to the uplift of mankind in foreign lands, and it is proper that they should. But the obligation to care for those in our midst is greater and if possible more imperative. Until we have remedied conditions at home, home missions should keep pace with foreign missions."

One of the greatest men of the Negro race, he said, was Dr. James E. Shepard, who had founded in Durham, N. C., a school for the benefit of his race. The Negroes are taken there, he said, and while they are being taught in industrial courses they imbibe ideas of the attitude toward life that is calculated to advance best their interests. At the summer session it is planned to have courses for settlement workers, missionaries, evangelists, and Young Men's Christian Association secretaries, and to have literary and industrial courses so that those who can attend the school may come under its influence.

"There are about 30,000 Negro ministers in the United States," said the Judge, "and of these only about 10 per cent are trained. It is the hope of Dr. Shepard to reach these untrained ministers and direct them along practical lines."

Mr. Woodward's Death.

The Law Department of Howard University adopted resolutions in commemoration of the death of Thomas P. Woodward. The committee on resolutions was Messrs. W. J. Green, O. D. Grady, and A. McDowell.

Show Authority.

Persons who are going around the city holding themselves out as advertising agents or representatives of The Bee should be required to show their credentials. There are several impostors soliciting for this paper who have no authority. The public is warned.

Send one dollar for a year's subscription for The Bee. Take advantage of the low rate now.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

(By Miss G. B. Maxfield.)

Mrs. Ella Knowles Haskell, the famous woman lawyer, former assistant attorney general of Montana, was buried last week in Montana. Mrs. Haskell was a native of North Ridge, N. H. She had won many notable mining cases and leaves a considerable fortune.

Mrs. Hetty Green, now seventy years of age, after having handled her millions profitably for half a century, has turned the management over to her only son, Col. Edward H. R. Green, whose success in the Southwest has convinced his mother that he is capable of handling her enormous fortune.

Mr. James H. Tilghman, of Chicago, Ill., has given \$1,000 for the colored Y. M. C. A. of Chicago, Ill., the largest sum as yet given by a colored man.

It is said Dr. W. P. Thirkield has withdrawn the colored medical students from attending the lectures given by Dr. White, of the Government Hospital for the Insane, because of the objection by the white students of George Washington University.

Miss Mary Desha, one of the founders of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and one of the best known figures in patriotic circles in the United States, died quite suddenly last week.

More than \$20,000 has been raised, according to John Joy Edson, for the construction of a memorial statue to the late Father D. J. Stafford, former pastor of St. Patrick's church.

At the annual meeting of the General Educational Board, Fisk University is one of the beneficiaries of appropriations aggregating \$710,000, which were made to ten institutions, Fisk being the only colored institute.

The Armour Company, of Chicago, is completing its plans for pensions for their aged employees, it is said. After using a "new seal" for the last fifty years, the city of Richmond will soon have a duplicate of the original seal of the city, and the use of the more modern one will be discontinued.

Undergraduates of Howard University law school, at a special meeting adopted resolutions of regret for the death of Prof. Thomas Woodward. Sympathy was extended to the family of the dead educator.

Mrs. W. P. Thirkield, wife of President Thirkield, of Howard University, delivered an address last Sunday afternoon at the colored Y. M. C. A. vespers services at 4 o'clock.

Relative to the report of Walter A. Brown, of the Board of Trade, relative to the House of Detention being a disgrace to the city, Maj. Sylvester received a report from Sergt. C. L. Bode, declaring that no such conditions as described by Mr. Brown ever existed.

The passage of a Curfew law was urged at the quarterly meeting of the W. C. T. U. at the Metropolitan Baptist Church. The members declared that they would give their hearty cooperation and support in securing the passage of the bill.

There seems to be a fight on hand between the citizens and Board of Education relative to Major Brook resigning.

By the terms of the will of Bishop Abraham Grant, of the African Methodist Church, the greater part of his estate, amounting to \$250,000, was bequeathed to Payne Theological Seminary, of Ohio, and Paul Quinn College, of Waco, Texas.

The fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Kansas as a State, was celebrated last week.

One delegate from each of the eighty lodges of the United Order of True Reformers will attend the extra session, February 25, at Richmond, Va., the purpose of which is to reorganize the order.

Japan, including Formosa, has an area of 161,160 square miles, it is said. Much of this is mountainous and only 20,000 square miles is cultivated, yet this area feeds a population of nearly 50,000,000.

Application has been made in Nashville, Tenn., for the charter of a National Home and Farm for Destitute Colored Children. Fifty acres at Pegram Station has been donated for the home by Dr. R. F. Boyd, it is stated.

Captain John Daley, of the Ninth Precinct, has started a crusade against storekeepers under cigarette law, as several school boys of nine and ten years admit making purchases at stores in the northeast sections.

Maj. Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U. S. A., who has just returned from Porto Rico, said: "I have nothing but praise for the Porto Rican soldiers. They are efficient, active, able soldiers, excellent in field work and discipline."

January 30th was said to be the hottest day on record in Texas. The temperature was 88 degrees. Warm weather prevailed for four days.

The Chinese New Year began January 30. The Chinamen in this city observed it by festivities continuing for eight days.

A pension of \$3,300 a month will be paid to the deposed King Manuel by the Portuguese Government, according to reports. It is said that a check for October, November and December has been sent to him already.

Chamber of Commerce appointed a sub-committee to fight the Peters bill now pending in Congress for the abolition of the Board of Education and the substitution of a director of education under the Commissioners.

President Taft has promised to visit Berry School, near Rome, Ga., while on his Southern tour. Berry School is doing for the poor whites what Tuskegee is for the Southern Negro.

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